Distributed Fiber Optic Sensor Network (DFOS) for Real-time Monitoring of Pipeline Interactive Anomalies



Xiao Tan¹, Luyang Xu², Ying Huang², Yi Bao^{1,*}

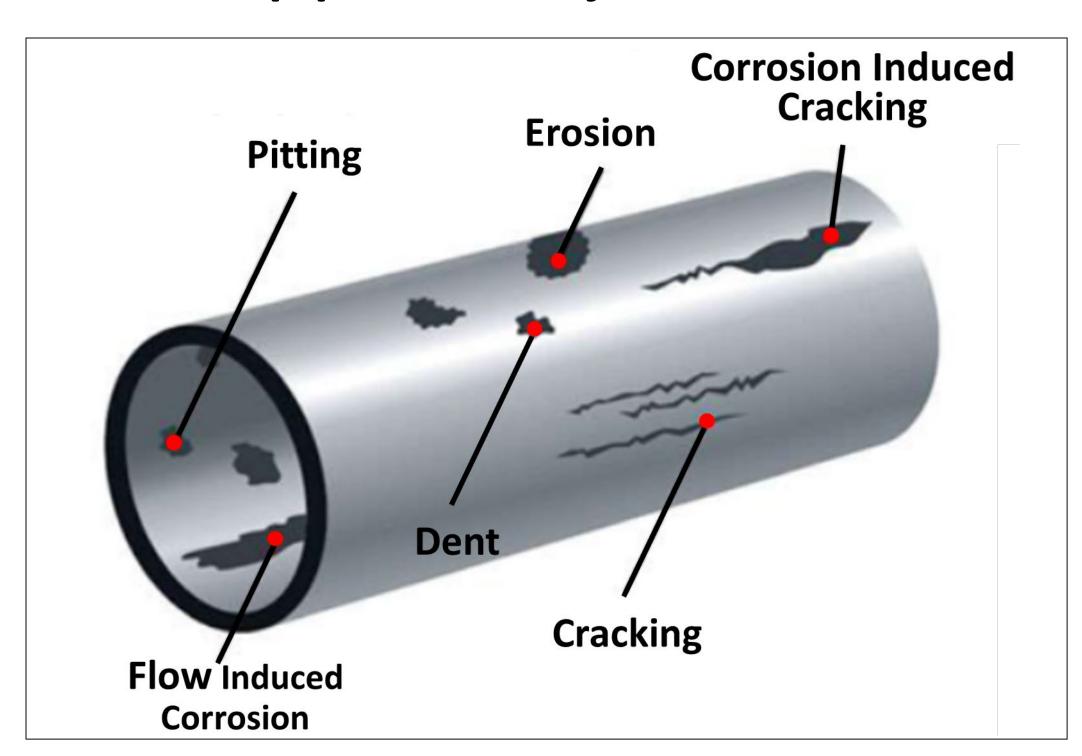
¹ Department of Civil, Environmental & Ocean Engineering, Stevens Institute of Technology
² Department of Civil and Environmental Engineering, North Dakota State University
*Email: yi.bao@stevens.edu



Main Objective

This project was awarded to Stevens Institute of Technology in order to:

- overcome shortcomings of inadequate evaluation methods and underestimating the true magnitude of interactive threats to pipelines.
- develop an innovative DFOS technology that provides real-time in-situ monitoring data of pipelines subjected to interactive defects for improving pipeline safety.



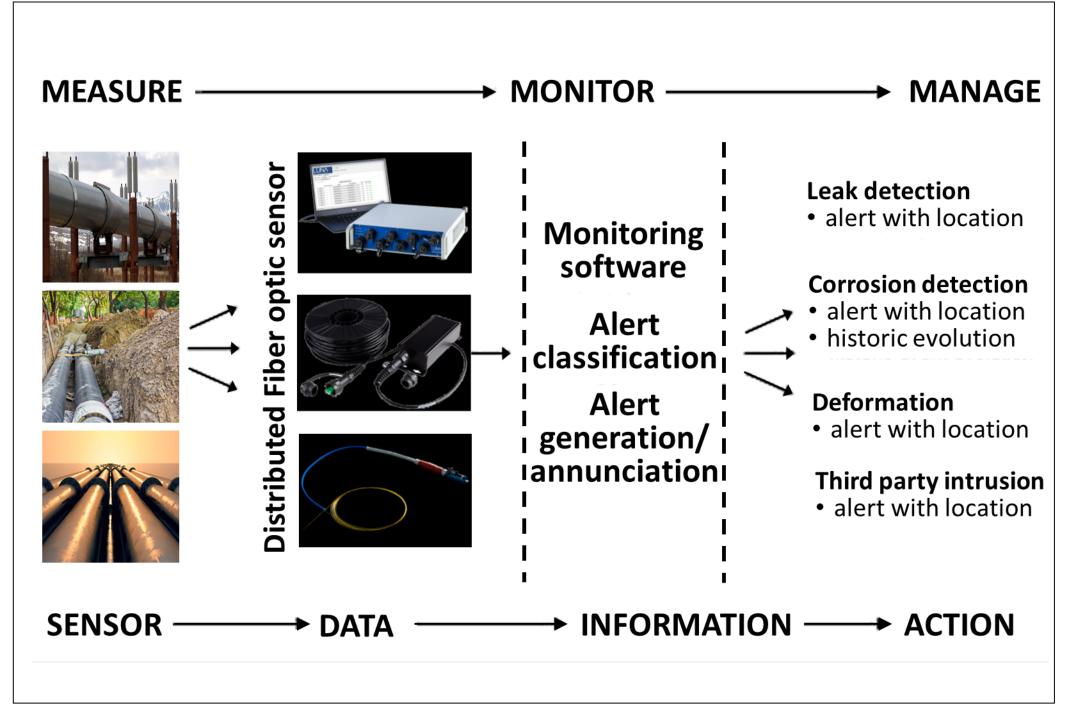
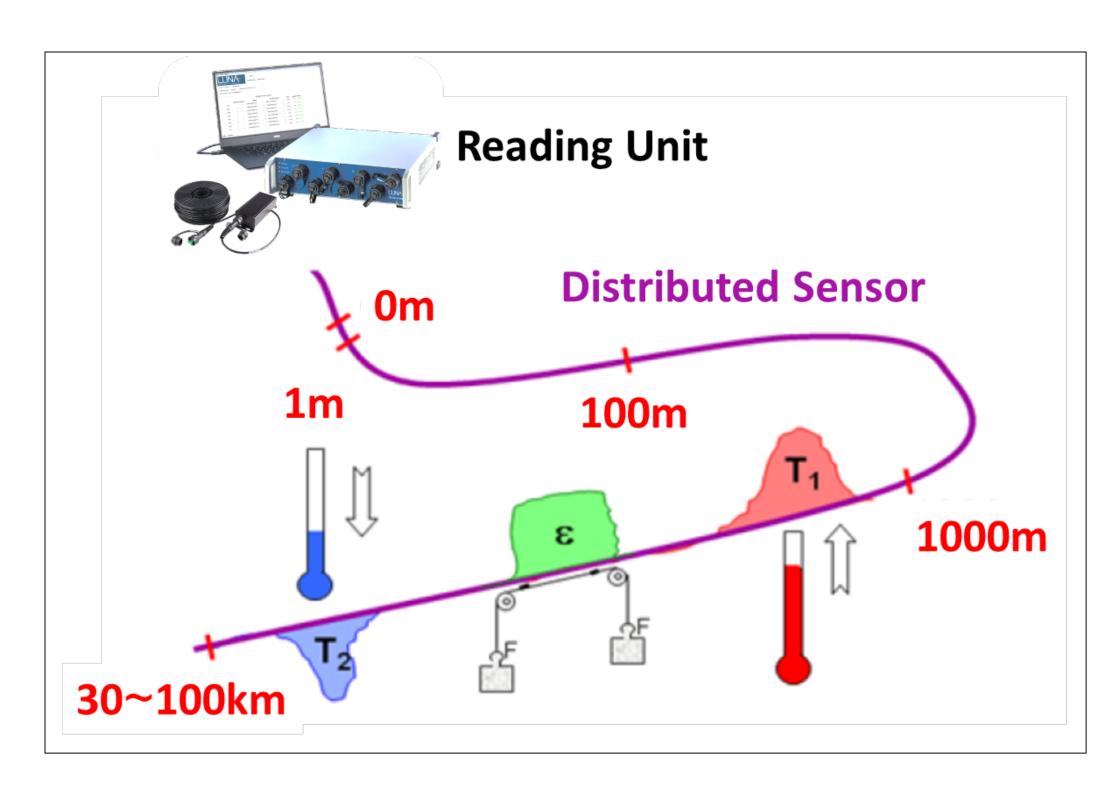


Figure 1. Pipeline failure due to interactive anomalies.

Figure 2. Real-time DFOS system for improving the pipeline safety and management.

Project Approach/Scope

- Develop DFOS network for detection, localization, and characterization of interactions anomalies, such as cracking, dent, corrosion, fatigue etc.
- Develop data processing methods for real-time sensor data analysis to improve the pipeline safety and management.



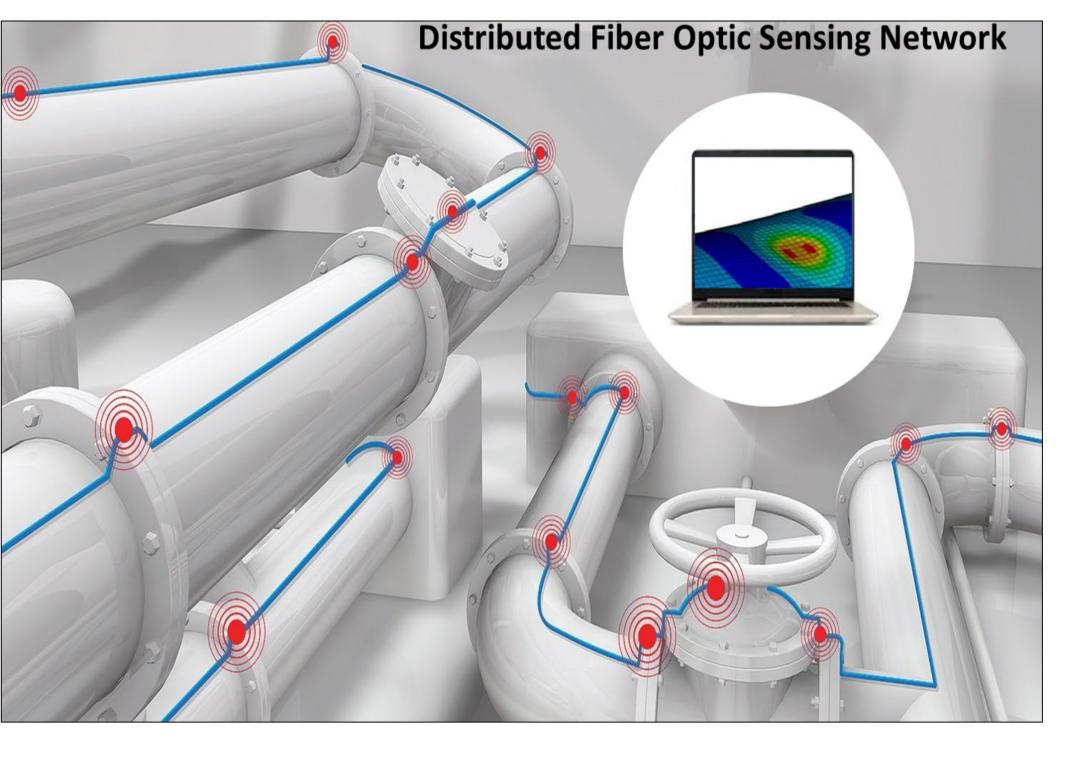
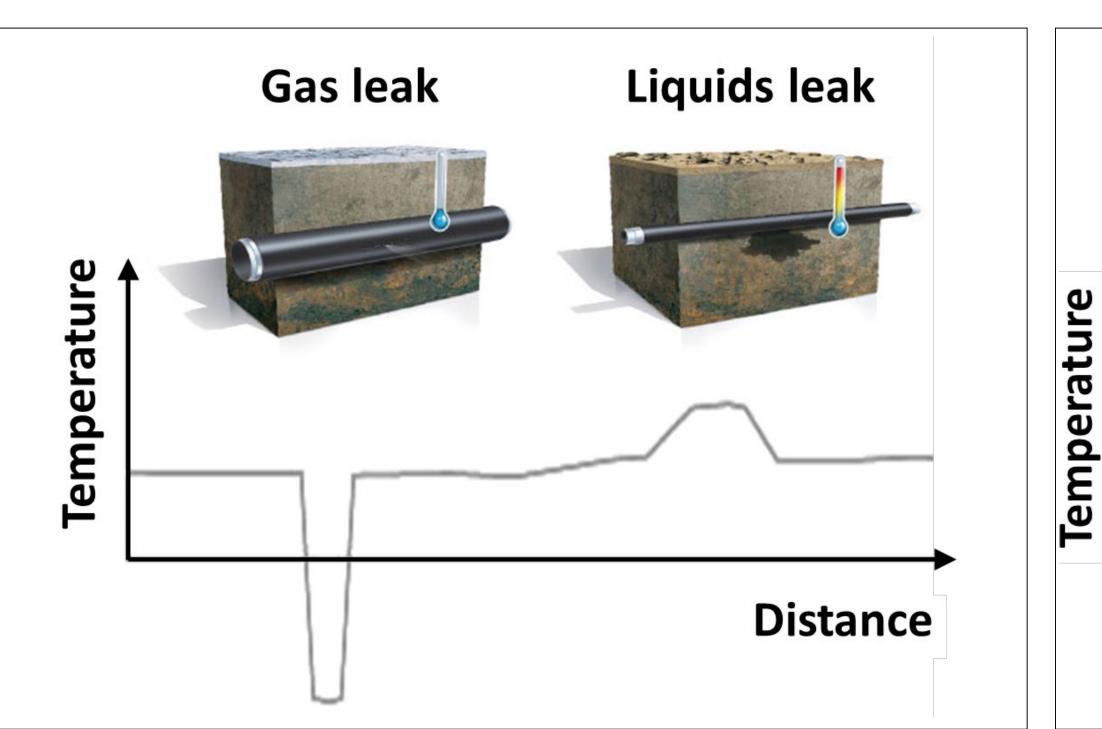


Figure 3. Concept of DFOS for multi-anomaly detection.

Figure 4. DFOS network Integrating both distributed and point fiber optic sensors

Expected Results or Results to Date

- One system, multi-anomaly detection
 - ✓ Leaks
 - ✓ Third-party and right of way interference
 - ✓ Ground movement
 - ✓ Corrosion monitoring
- Integrate both distributed and point fiber optic sensors
 - ✓ **Distributed sensors:** Full measurement along the pipelines
 - ✓ Point sensors: Critical locations



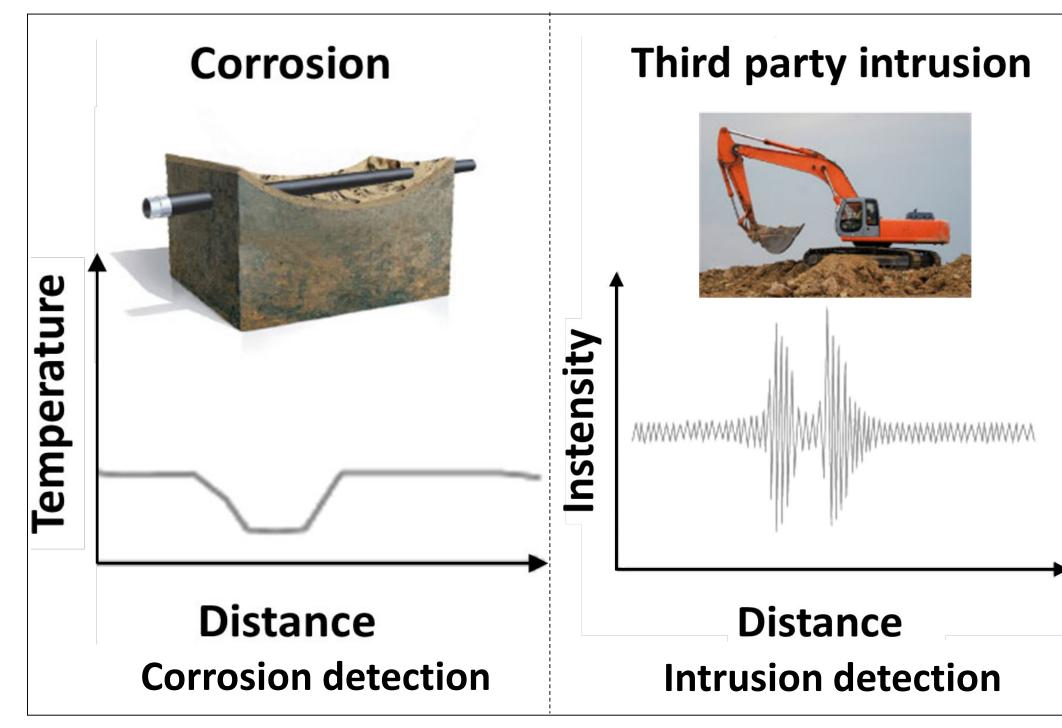


Figure 5. Pipeline leak detection.

Figure 6. Pipeline corrosion and intrusion detection.

Acknowledgments

This project is funded by DOT/PHMSA's Competitive Academic Agreement Program. (Project # 693JK31950008CAAP)

References

- [1] Interacting Threats to Pipeline Integrity Defined and Explained. https://www.ingaa.org/File.aspx?id=20210.
- [2] Frings, Jochen, and Tobias Walk. "Distributed fiber optic sensing enhances pipeline safety and security." Oil Gas Eur 3 (2011): 132-136.
- [3] Bao, Y., Huang, Y., Hoehler, M.S. and Chen, G., 2019. Review of fiber optic sensors for structural fire engineering. Sensors, 19(4), p.877.

Public Project Page

Please visit the below URL for much more information: https://primis.phmsa.dot.gov/matrix/PrjHome.rdm?prj=841